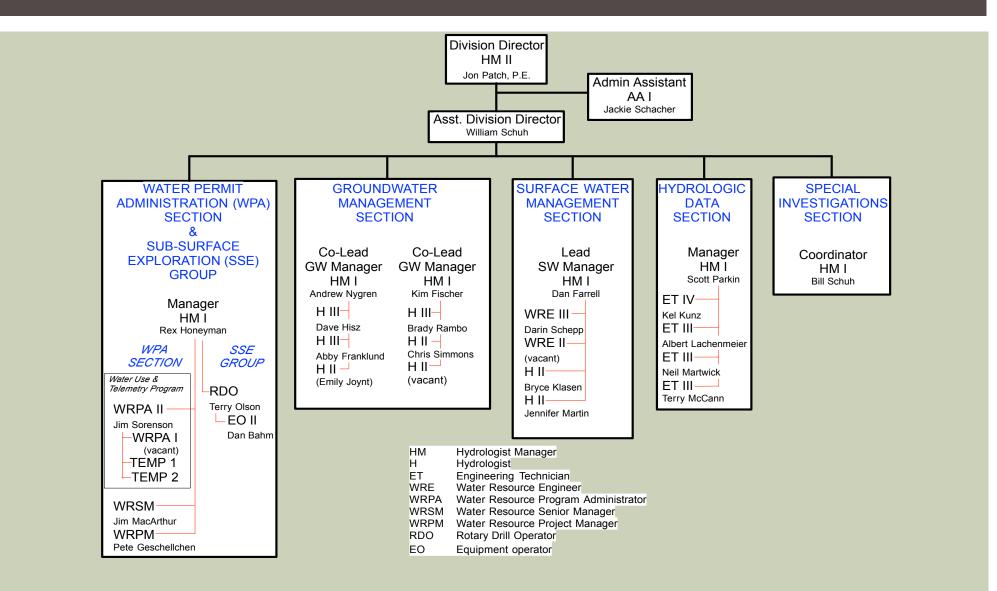
# UPDATE ON WATER PERMITS AND POLICY



December 7, 2017 ND IRRIGATION WORKSHOP RAMKOTA HOTEL, BISMARCK Jon Patch, P.E. Water Appropriation Director

North Dakota State Water Commission

#### WATER APPROPRIATIONS DIVISION

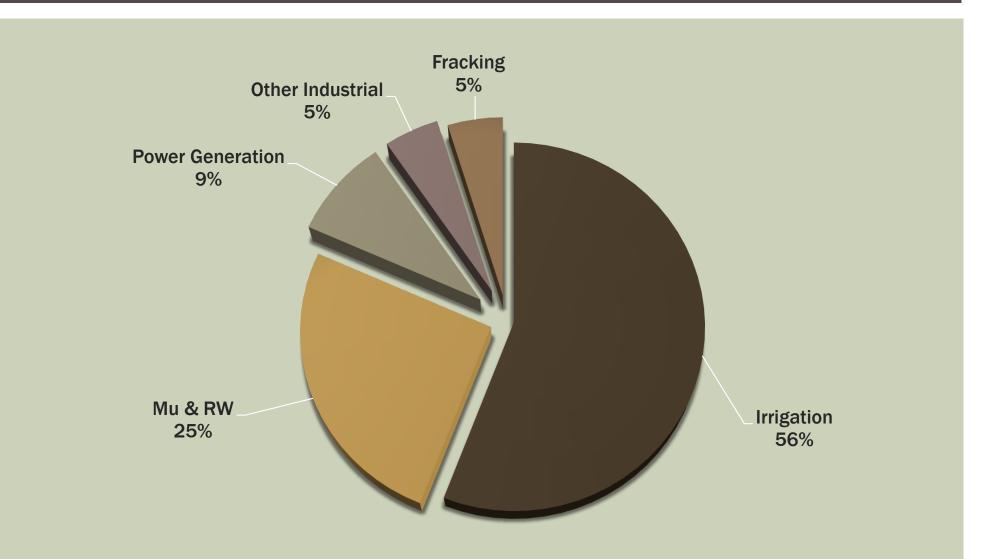


#### **PRIMARY RESPONSIBILITIES**

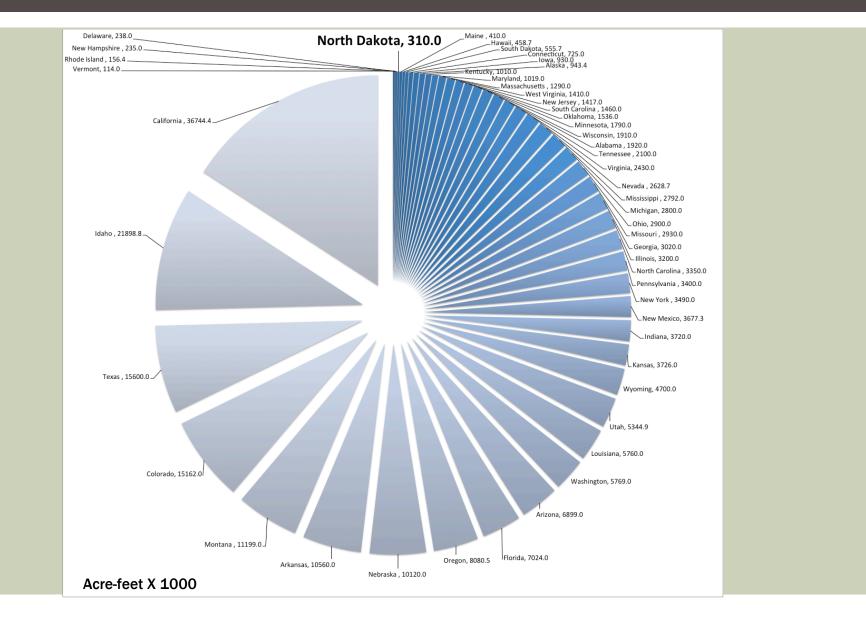
Manage Investigate Appropriate

"Waters of the State"

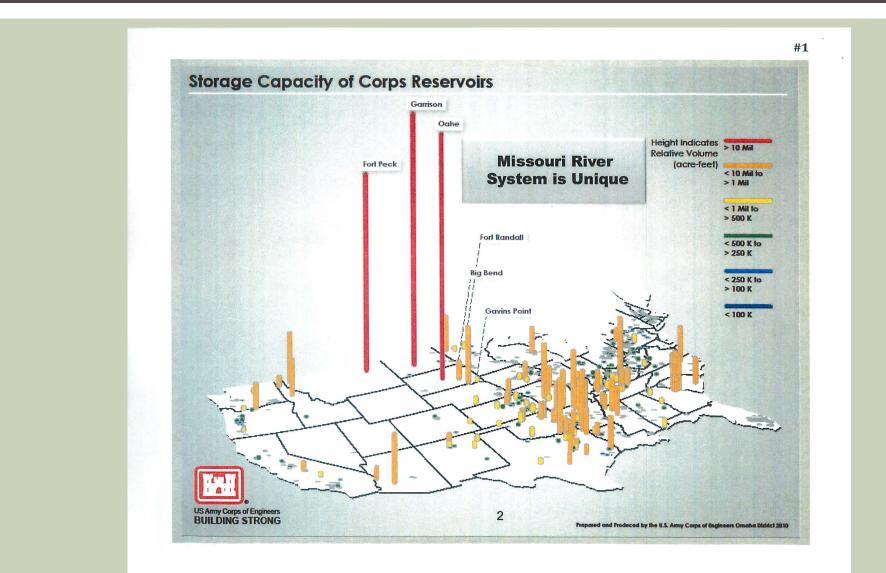
## CONSUMPTIVE WATER USE IN ND



#### **COMPARED TO OTHER STATES**



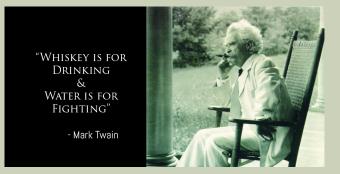
#### WATER'S USE OF ND



### **PRIOR APPROPRIATION DOCTRINE**

Western Water Law – Prior Appropriation Doctrine

Water rights and water usage is competitive and often contentious





- ND Constitution "All flowing streams and natural watercourses shall forever remain the property of the state ..."
- NDCC "All waters ... belong to the public and are subject to appropriation for beneficial use "

## **STATE ENGINEER – STATUTORY ROLE**

- Regulatory authority for the appropriation of water
- Limited involvement of the State Water Commission in the day to day functions and duties of the division

# StatutesRulesSOPs

#### HOW DO WE APPROPRIATE WATER?

- System of Water Permits
- Two types: Conditional or Temporary
  - Conditional water permit = water right
    - Requires the water to be applied to a beneficial use no paper rights
    - Become Perfected permits upon beneficial use and inspection
    - ≈4000 active water permits, 200 pending review, 300 deferred
  - Temporary permits = permission to use water
    - Last up to a maximum of 1 year
    - No water right accrues
    - Permanent installations and long term use require Conditional Water Permit application
    - Due to the complexity of evaluation, temporary permits are not typically issued from groundwater sources.

#### PRIORITY (RANKING) OF USE NDCC 61-04-06.1

- **1**. **Domestic**
- 2. Municipal
- **3**. Livestock
- **4**. Irrigation
- **5**. Industrial
- **6. Fish**, wildlife, and other outdoor recreational uses.
- This order of priority applies in preference in granting competing permit applications that are filed within 90 days of one another NDAC 89-03-01-11

Or

In the event of a change in PURPOSE OF USE of the permit, may only move to a superior use



#### North Dakota's **Water Permitting** Process

Amount impounded diverted or withdrawn is greater than 12.5 acre-feet, is being used to irrigate 5 or more acres of land, or is being utilized for industrial use.

#### NO No mu

No permit required, but State Engineer must be notified of location and volume before facilities are constructed.

#### YES

#### YOU NEED A PERMIT So What's Next?

1

4

5

8

9

Obtain and complete the application. Priority date is established when the application is received by the State Engineer.

State Engineer publishes notice for two weeks, and any person has 30 days from

Once a recommended decision is made

by the State Engineer, there is a 30-day comment period for parties of record

right is a property right.

Applicant is then required to send a "Notice of Application."

Sent to real property and water permit holders within one mile of the point of diversion, and public water facilities within 12 miles.

2

3

7

Applicant provides the State Engineer with an affidavit of notice listing names and addresses of tho sent the "Notice of Application."

If an adjudicative proceeding is requested and granted, the State Engineer will designate a time and place.

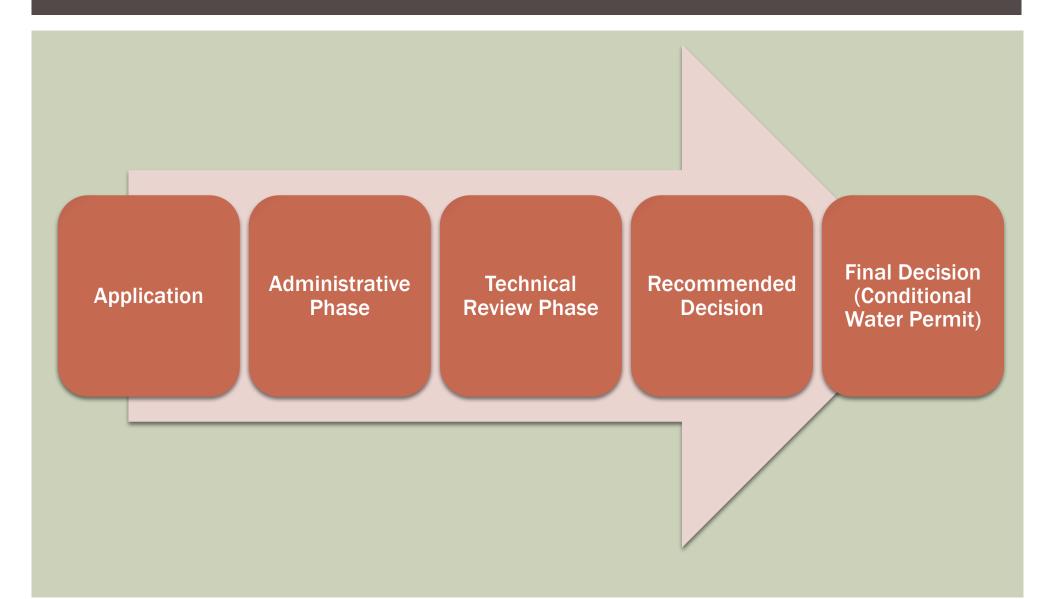
If permit is granted, the permittee is generally given one to three years to put water to beneficial use.

#### **For Additional Information**



ND STATE WATER COMMISSION 900 E. BOULEVARD AVE., DEPT 770 BISMARCK, ND 58505 (701) 328-2754 · www.swc.nd.gov Email swc@nd.gov

### **STEPS TO A WATER RIGHT**



#### **APPLICATION PHASE**

Obtain application forms and instructions
- call 701-328-2754 or www.swc.nd.gov.

**Complete an application form.** 

Include a map made by a registered land surveyor.

**D** Pay an application fee

Once completed a Priority date is established

#### **ADMINISTRATIVE PHASE**

Give notice of application:

Includes information from application: type of use, acre-feet, acres, pumping rate, location.

 Send by certified letter to: Landowners within one mile Water permit holders within one mile Public water use facilities within 12 miles

Publish notice in official county paper once a week for two consecutive weeks.

#### Comment period:

30 days Once notices have been sent out and published, interested parties have 30 days to comment in writing their concerns.

#### **TECHNICAL REVIEW PHASE**

Three primary questions must be answered:

# Will rights of a Prior Appropriator be unduly affected?

- Is the proposed use Sustainable?
- Is the proposed use in the Public Interest?

#### **PUBLIC INTEREST CONSIDERATIONS**

- Benefit to the applicant
- Effect on economic activity
- Effect on game & fish and public recreation
- Alternate uses within a reasonable time
- Harm to other persons
- Intent and ability to develop proposed project

## **RECOMMENDED DECISION:**

Hydrologist or engineer prepares a recommended decision for the State Engineer.

- Review the physical setting
- Review the effects of ongoing water use
- Consider the expected effect of proposed project
- Address letters of concern
- Make recommendation to SE

# FINAL DECISION:

The recommended decision will become the final decision after:

 2<sup>nd</sup> - 30 day review and comment period for the parties of record (if any) only

And if:

- There are no challenges to the recommended decision in the form of a call for an adjudicative proceeding
- A call for an adjudicative proceeding must state with particularity how the party is aggrieved

# **CONDITIONAL PERMIT**

- Conditions include :
  - Beneficial Use Date
  - Volume, Rate, Location
  - Water meter
  - Check valve
  - Efficient capture system
  - Spacing requirement
  - Other application specific conditions
- Conditional Water Permit Perfected Water Permit

Perfected Water Permit Water Right

 Conditional water permits have the ability to become Perfected permits upon beneficial use and inspection.

### **BENEFICIAL USE:**

- Water must be put to beneficial use by a prescribed date.
- A beneficial use date will be included on the permit.
  - If no other applications are pending: three years to develop
  - If other applications are pending: one or two years to develop
- Beneficial use date can be extended for good cause, if no applications are pending.

# CONDITIONAL (PERFECTED) WATER PERMITS

- ≈ 3,900 conditional and perfected water permits
- ≈ 650 pending\* conditional water permit applications.
- Prior to the early stages of the oil boom in 2009, the Division received about 75 conditional water permit applications per year. Of this total, about 30% were for industrial use.
- Present day the Division receives up to 150 conditional water permit applications per year of which about 50% are for industrial use, mostly for hydraulic fracking.

\*more on this later 🙂

# WATER PERMIT STATUSES AS OF 12-4-2017

Application In Processing	13
Pending Review	175
Under Review	31
Deferred	282
Held In Abeyance	142
Conditionally Approved	735
Denied	322
Perfected	3026
Cancelled	1521
Void	775
<b>Undefined</b> (Pre-1990 Forfeited, Canceled, Void, Abandoned, or Denied)	600
Grand Total	7622

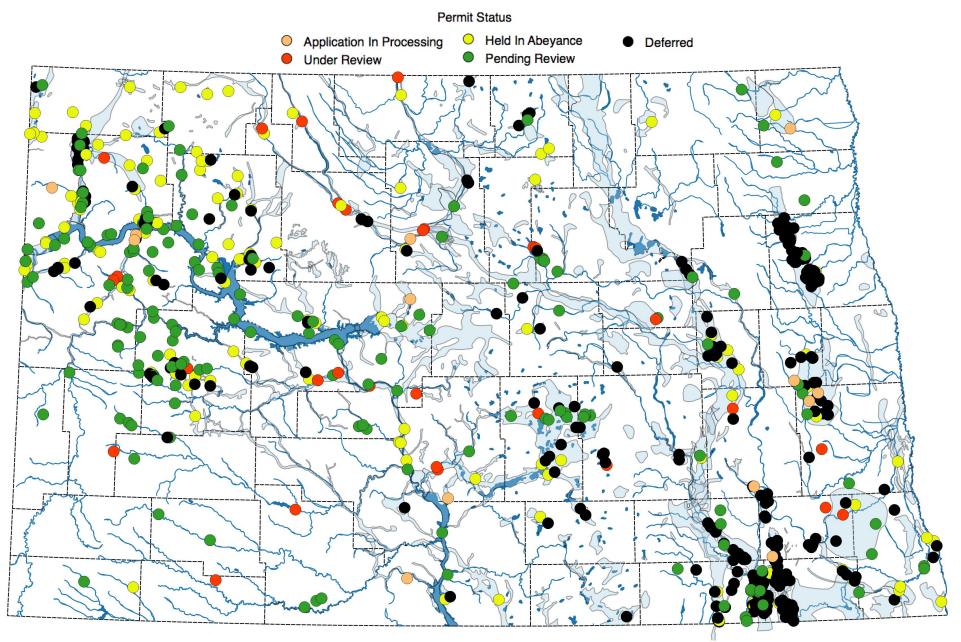
# APPROVED ACTIVE WATER PERMITS AS OF 12-4-2017

	Perfected	Conditionally Approved	Held in Abeyance	Total
Domestic	7	1		8
Fish and Wildlife	266	69		335
Flood Control	49	3		52
Industrial	257	155	80	492
Irrigation	1841	441	52	2334
Multiple Use	19	8		27
Municipal	249	32	6	287
<b>Power Generation</b>	9			9
Recreation	165	7		172
Rural Water	90	11	4	105
Stock	74	8		82
Total	3026	735	142	3903

# PENDING WATER PERMITS APPLICATIONS AS OF 12-4-2017

	Application					
	In Processing	Under Review	Held In Abeyance	Pending Review	Deferred	Total
			, 100 yearroo		Dererrou	
Fish and Wildlife		5		5	4	14
Industrial	3	8	80	95	49	235
Irrigation	10	16	52	68	215	361
Municipal			6	4	5	15
Recreation		2			1	3
Rural Water			4	2	8	14
Stock				1		1
Total	13	31	142	175	282	643

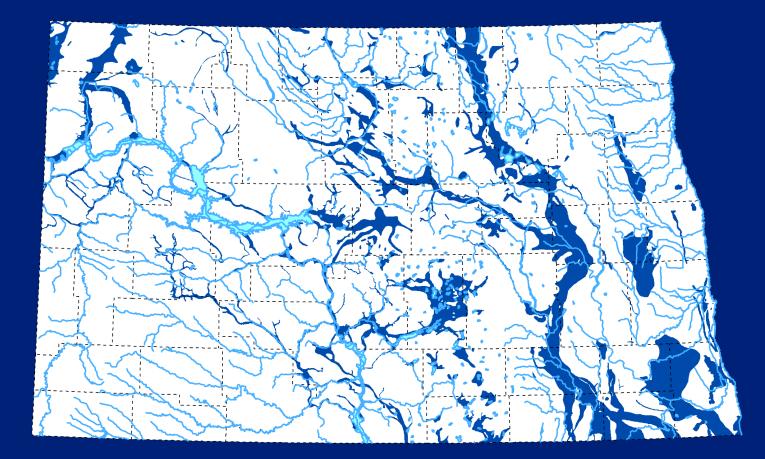
# PENDING WATER PERMIT APPLICATIONS AS OF 12-4-2017



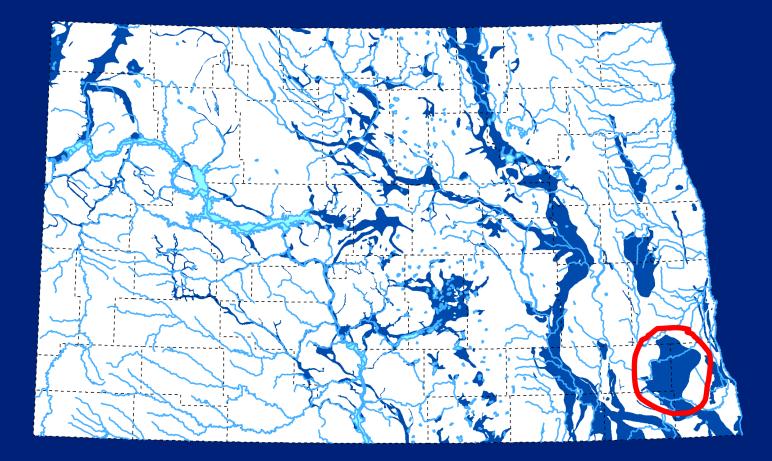
# **IRRIGATION IN NORTH DAKOTA**

	ACRES		
<u>Source</u>	Approved	Actual (2016)	
Groundwater	248,906	195,835	
Surface Water			
Mainstem	145,446*	103,762*	
Small lakes & tribs	44,177	21,161	
Total	438,529	320,758	

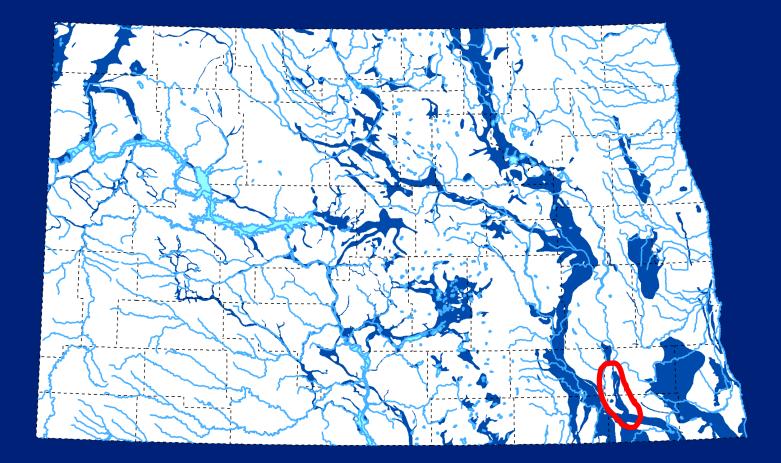
\*Includes approved acres in Yellowstone Irrigation pumping district (Montana point-of-diversion), McClusky Canal irrigation, Oakes Test Area irrigation project.



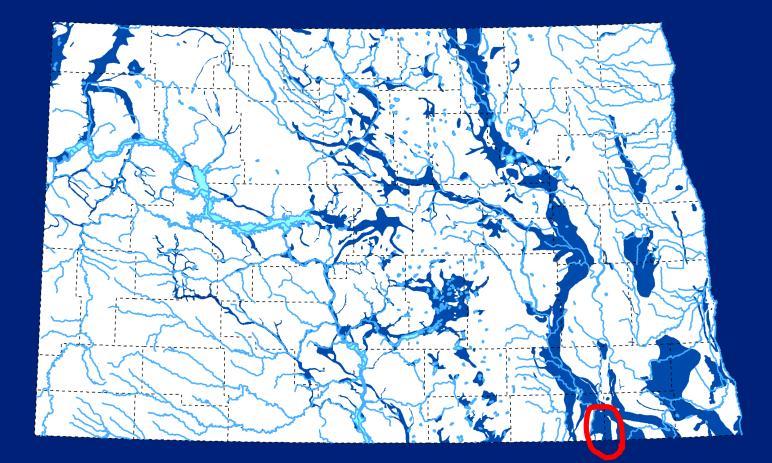




**#10 - The Sheyenne Delta aquifer 13,000** 

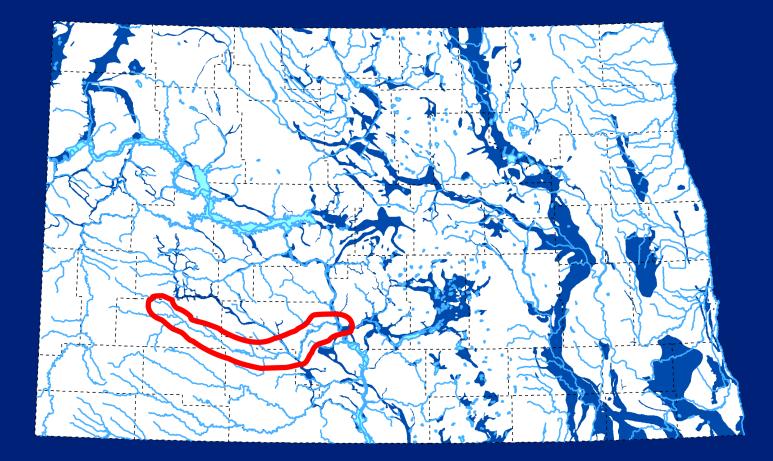


**#9 – The Englevale aquifer** 

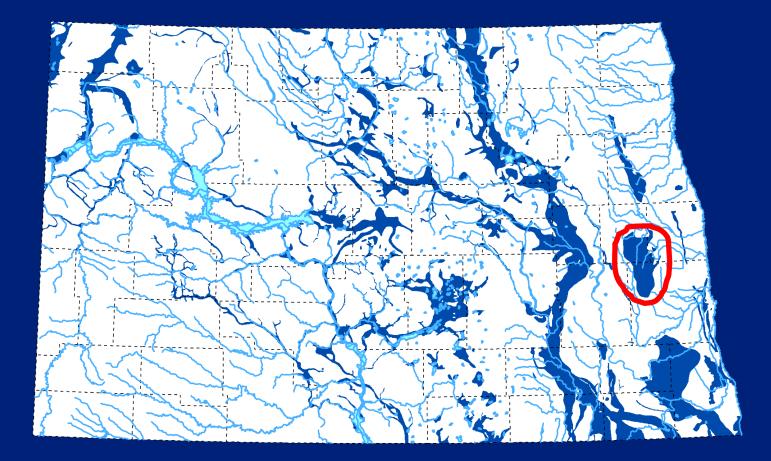


**#8 – The Oakes aquifer** 



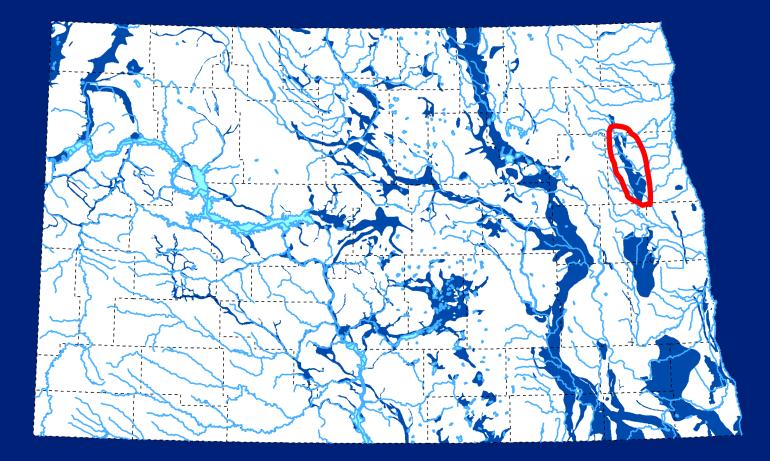


**#7 – The Heart River** 



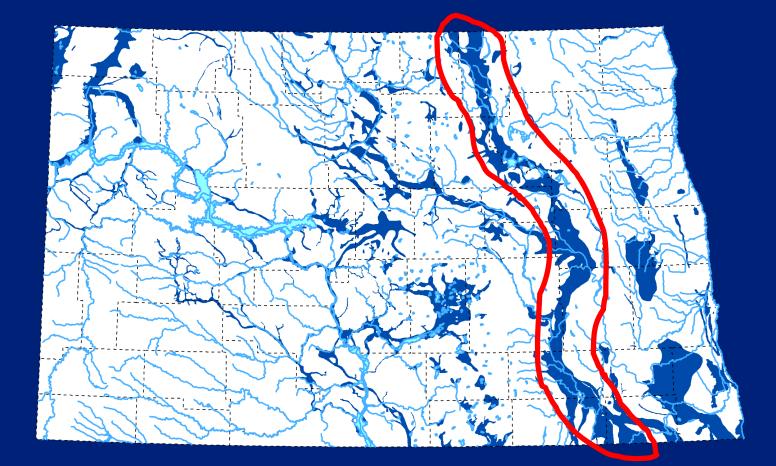
**#5 – The Page aquifer** 



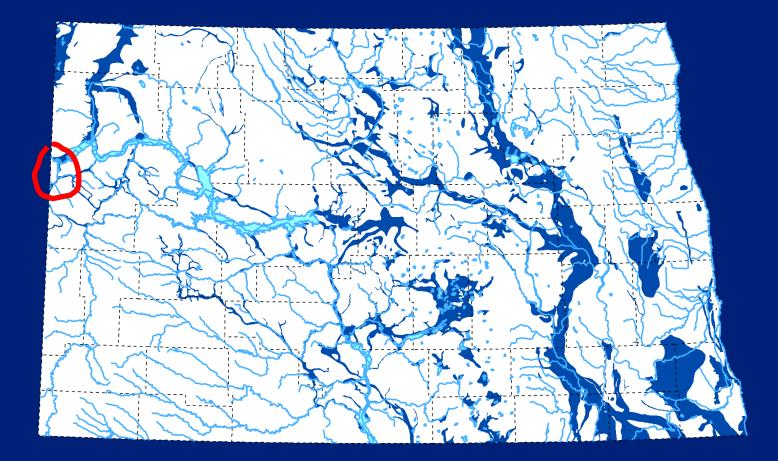


**#5 – The Elk Valley aquifer** 

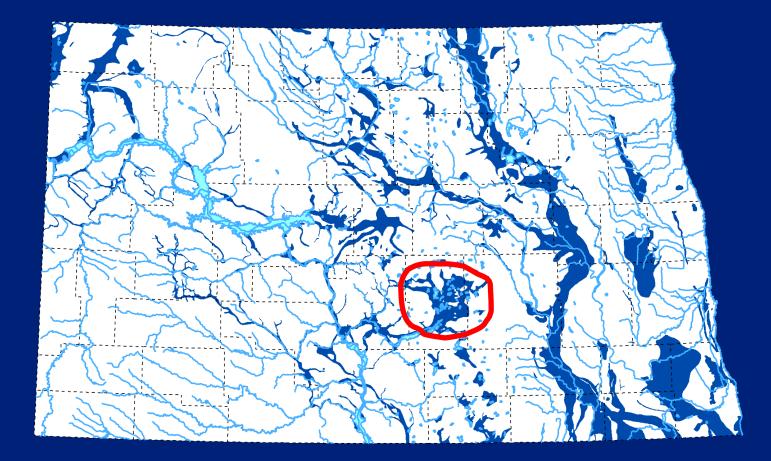




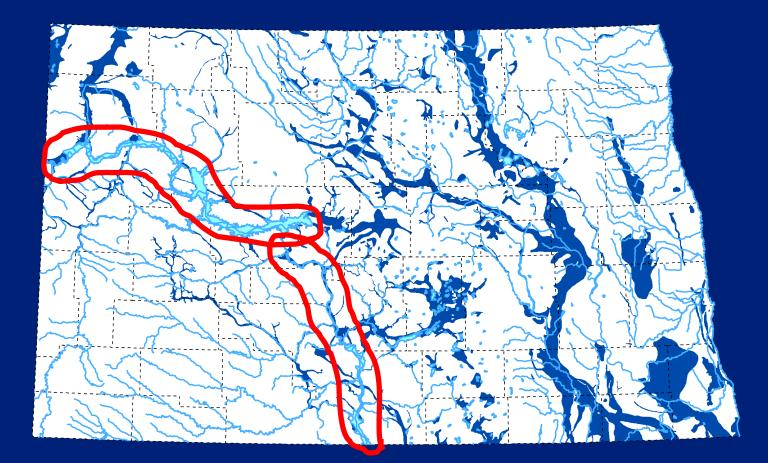
#4 – The Spiritwood aquifer



**#3 – The Yellowstone River** 



#2 – The Central Dakota aquifer 35,500



#1 - Lake Sakakawea and the Missouri River (mainstem)

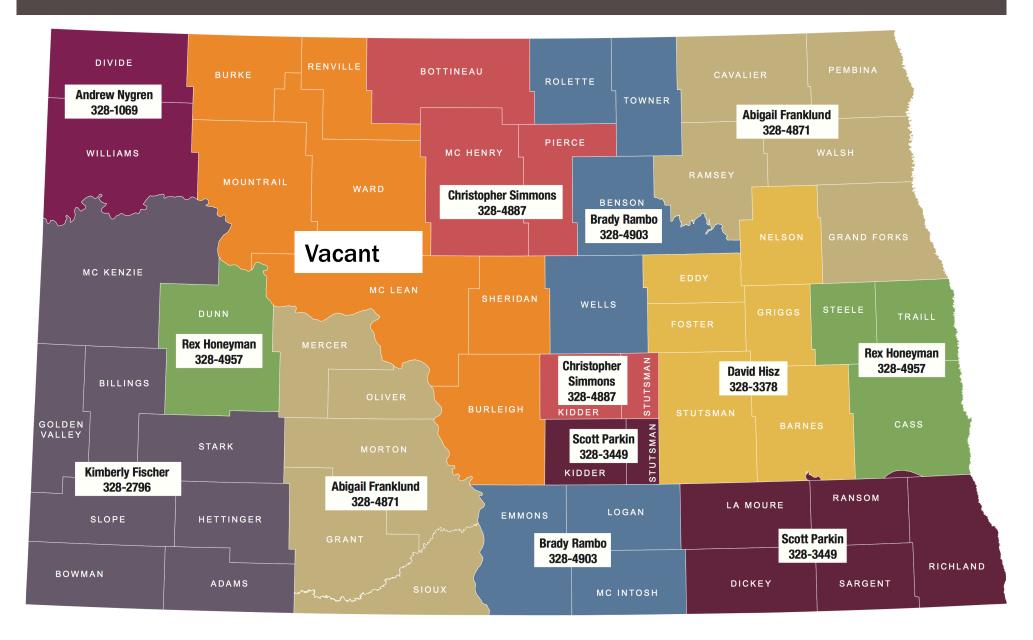
39,000 31,000

# MAJOR SOURCES FOR IRRIGATION (APPROVED ACRES)

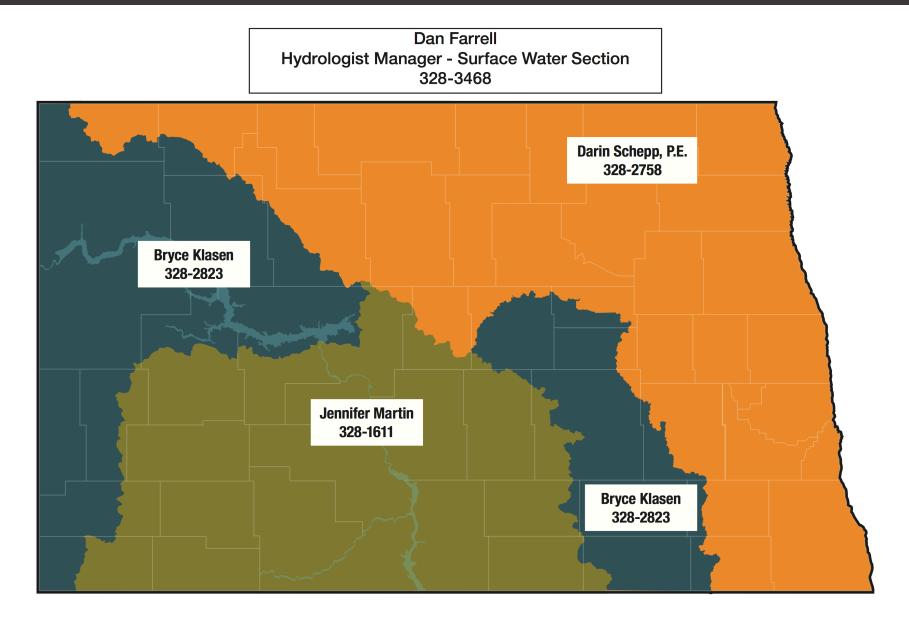
Lake Sakakawea	38,903*
Central Dakota aquifer	35,444
Missouri River	31,090
Yellowstone River	29,038
Spiritwood aquifer	21,799
Page aquifer	19,701
Elk Valley aquifer	19,514
Heart River	16,465
Oakes aquifer	16,158
Englevale aquifer	14,956
Sheyenne Delta aquifer	13,069

• Not including the 1.1M acres approved in the 1944 FCA

# GROUND WATER HYDROLOGIST PROJECT AREAS



# SURFACE WATER HYDROLOGIST PROJECT AREAS



# **Questions?**

