



RED RIVER VALLEY WATER SUPPLY PROJECT



QUICK FACTS



TRANSMISSION PIPELINE



MAX FLOW



CITIES/RURAL SYSTEMS (50% Of ND Population)



LEGISLATIVE DISTRICTS (6, 10, 11, 13, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 24, 25, 27, 29, 33, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46)

CURRENT DWR COST-SHARE

75%

LOOKING AHEAD
2025-2027

**\$260
MILLION**

ENGROSSED HB 1020

BACKGROUND AND PURPOSE

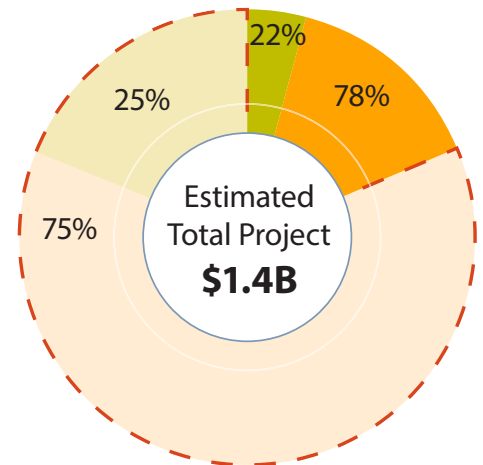
The Red River Valley Water Supply Project (RRVWSP) will use a buried pipeline to transport up to 165 cubic feet of water per second from the McClusky Canal in central North Dakota, along Highway 200, to the Sheyenne River north of Lake Ashtabula. The water will be treated before crossing the continental divide, providing supplemental and emergency water to central and eastern North Dakota. The Main Transmission Pipeline (MTP) will serve communities along its route, with additional users supplied via the Sheyenne and Red Rivers. Those not on the MTP or rivers may require branch pipelines in the future.

HISTORIC FUNDING

Local	\$86M
State	\$297M

FUTURE FUNDING

Main Transmission	\$1.03B
Est. Remaining Funds	
Local	\$257M
State	\$773M



LOCAL SPONSORS

The Garrison Diversion Conservancy District comprises 28 member counties, each with an elected board representative. Its mission is to provide a reliable, high-quality, and affordable water supply to benefit the people of North Dakota. In 2003, the North Dakota Legislature created the Lake Agassiz Water Authority (LAWA) to address future water needs in the Red River Valley and secure a reliable drinking water supply for central and eastern North Dakota. LAWA represents RRVWSP water users and cooperates with the Garrison Diversion Conservancy District.



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Water Resources

FEBRUARY 2025